



Sydney Analytical Macromolecular Interactions Analysis

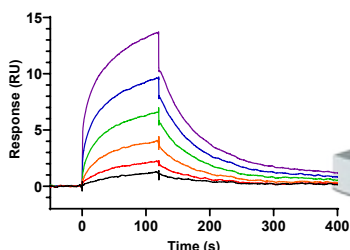
Sydney Analytical has the experience and instrumentation to characterize a wide variety of macromolecular interactions. We can assist to measure interactions between proteins, or with partners including AAV's, nucleic acids, peptides, small molecules or fragments. We can collect data or provide user training on a variety of instrumentation, with experiments best focused to your research needs.

Surface Plasmon Resonance (SPR)

Surface plasmon resonance (SPR) is an optical technique that can be used to measure interactions in real time.

A typical experiment involves a ligand immobilized to the surface of an SPR sensor chip, either directly or via an affinity tag. The analyte is then flown over the surface in increasing concentrations. If an interaction occurs, the change in mass on the sensor surface is detected and plotted as an output sensorgram. The facility has both a T200 and 8K+ system, covering both medium and high throughput applications

Measures: Affinity (KD) and kinetics (on & off rates). Range μM - mM



Biacore T200

Microscale Thermophoresis (MST)

Microscale Thermophoresis (MST) measures changes to the mobility of molecules in microscopic temperature gradients

The instrument can detect changes to the size, charge and hydration shell of molecules with high sensitivity

Performed in solution, and while requiring one partner to be fluorescently labelled, MST can measure a wide variety of interaction types, including molecules such as liposomes, nanodiscs or membrane proteins.

Measures: Affinity (KD). Range nM - mM



CRICOS 00026A

Nanotemper Monolith NT.115

BiLayer Interferometry

BiLayer interferometry is an optical analytical technique that assesses the interference pattern of white light reflected upon binding of a partner molecule across two surfaces: a layer of immobilized protein on the biosensor tip, and an internal reference layer.

Differences in response are used to determine interaction strength. While not as sensitive as SPR, it uses a smaller sample volume, and has an advantage in measuring interactions in more complex mixtures such as serum

Measures: Affinity (KD) and kinetics (on & off rates). Range nM - mM



Blitz

Isothermal Titration Calorimetry (ITC)

Isothermal Titration Calorimetry (ITC) measures in-solution, the binding affinity between any two molecules that either release or absorb heat when a binding interaction occurs.

The instrument measures the heat difference between a sample cell and a reference cell that occurs upon titration of the binding partner, and uses it to determine affinity, as well as additional parameters.

Measures: Affinity (KD), stoichiometry(n), enthalpy (DH) and entropy (DS). Range: nM - mM



PEAQ MicroCal ITC



To request more information or instrument training, please contact us:

sydney.analytical@sydney.edu.au

+61 2 86276903