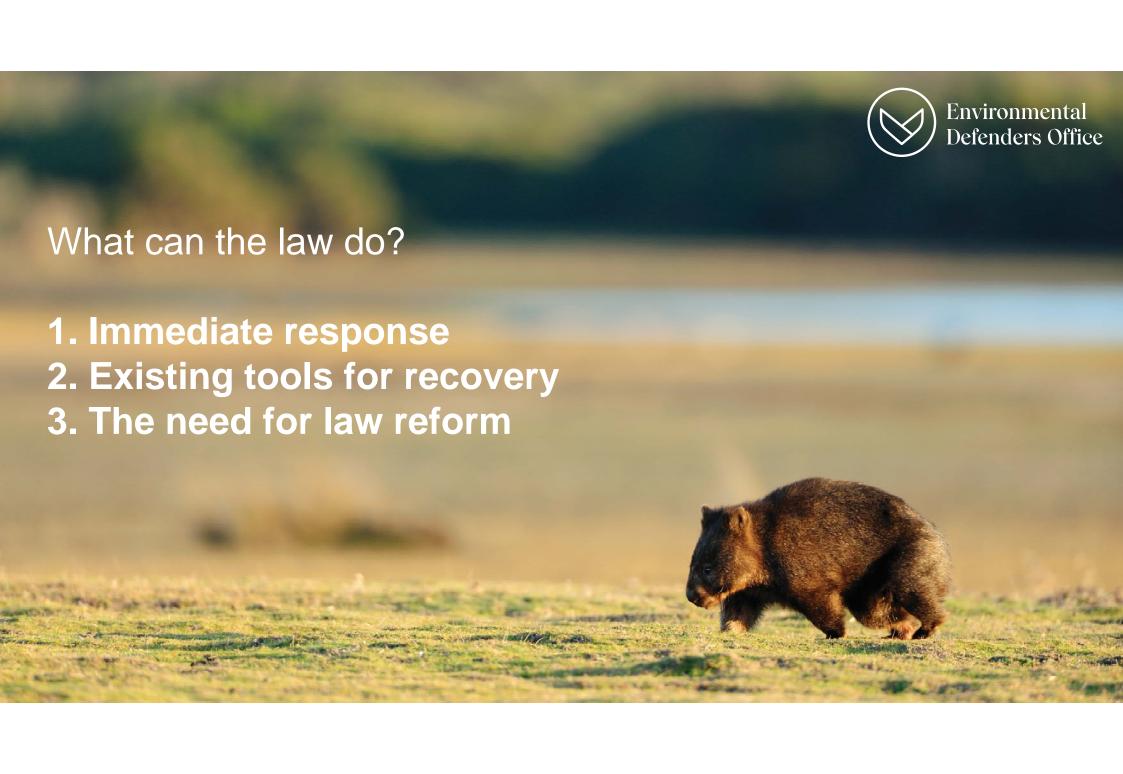


# Legal tools to aid biodiversity recovery?

Rachel Walmsley, Policy & Law Reform Director

The Bushfire Disaster and Australia's Biodiversity: Can It Recover? 4 February 2020, University of Sydney



## 1. Immediate response

Victorian Supreme Court orders temporary halt to logging due to impact of Gippsland bushfires

By state political reporter Richard Willingham







## Court orders logging to stop in parts of Victoria's central highlands after fires

Conservation group wins case against VicForests to protect threatened species habitat after unprecedented bushfires



▲ Victoria's supreme court has ordered a halt to logging of unburnt forest habitat for the greater glider and oth threatened species in the wake of bushfires. Photograph: Alamy Stock Photo

"...that's the area that I flagged that a royal commission from the Commonwealth would seek to do, see what is action on climate change? Building dams. What is action on climate change? Hazard reduction in these areas. It's native vegetation management. It's land clearing laws."

Prime Minister Scott Morrison, 20th January 2020

## 2. Existing tools



#### Mountain pygmy possums

We have established food and water stations for endangered mountain pygmy possums in Kosciuszko National Park, These tiny possums live on the ground in rocky boulder fields and forage in the surrounding alpine heath. Their habitat was burnt in the 2019-2020 fires.



Wildlife and Conservation **Bushfire Recovery** 



National Recovery Plan for the Mountain Pygmy-possum Burramys parvus

Department of Environment, Land, Water and

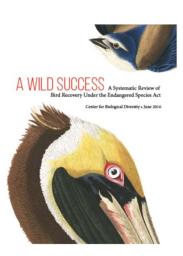


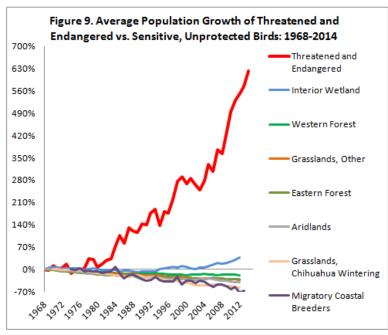
















Key threatening process strategy for **Anthropogenic Climate Change** 

**DRAFT Recovery Strategy, 19 August 2017** Prevention

Prevention actions are needed to prevent the threat from entering NSW.

Action Scale

No critical actions have been identified under a prevention response as climate change is a current global phenomenon.

### 3. The need for law reform

Legal tools we need:

#### Short – term:

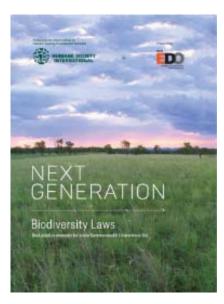
- Forestry and development moratoria in burnt areas
- Rapid assessment and up-listing of species and communities

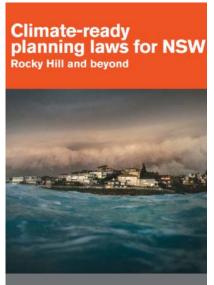
#### Medium – longer-term

- National leadership: a new Environment Act
- Independent science-based decision-making: National Sustainability Commission, and a national FPA
- Strengthened biodiversity provisions and legal duties to protect, restore and recover, including emergency listing and mandatory timeframes
- Evidence-based landscape approaches to build resilience and address cumulative impacts: bioregional planning, climate refugia
- National ecosystem assessment & environmental accounts
- Adaptive management tools conditions on approvals
- Long-term investment for recovery

Whole of government: A re-casting: climate law reform (state and national)

(What not to do: facilitate clearing in national parks, remove limits on hazard reduction, weaken bushfire codes, facilitate approval of fossil fuel developments...)







## Thank you

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Wollemi National Park, Source: Washington Post, 16 January 2020